



# Awareness: an operational-theoretical approach

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Models of Consciousness

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# Ubiquitous information



# Consciousness

- 1. Consciousness is the direct "experience" of the final information.
- 2. It is the most direct fruition of a very structured kind of information, manifesting through different types of qualia (colours, sounds, tastes, smells, touches, somatosensations, pain, pleasure, sadness, happiness

#### The "hard" Problem (David Chalmers)





Awareness as a kind of information

Awareness: "the feeling of the information processing"

# awareness as "being the system"

Theoretical

definition of system to be given soon ...



# awareness individuated by coherence

Awareness is quantum



Experimental



## "In puro statu, ergo sum"









# Operational probabilistic theory (OPT)



#### **NOTICE:** marginals depend on the marginalised part of the graph!











#### OPT and the goal of Science

- 1. To connect "objective things happening" (events)
- 2. To devise a theory of such "connections" (systems)
- 3. To make predictions for future occurrences (predict joint probabilities of events depending on their connections).



Which events happen is objective

Systems are theoretical



OPT: methodologically fit, falsification-ready





#### Goal of the OPT

To provide a mathematical description of systems and events consistent with their composition rules, allowing to evaluate their joint probability distribution depending on the graph of connections















# An OPT is an Information Theory



# Operational probabilistic theory (OPT)

- Very general framework (compare with causal graphs and Tononi's "integrated information theory")
- Mathematically formalised (compare with Tononi IIT)
- Black-box device-independent approach:

Tools: tomography, separating sets, complementary observations, ...

joint probabilities + connectivity

Marginal probability

 $\sum p(ijk, \dots | DAG) = p(j| DAG)$ ijk





**est** 

input





joint probabilities + connectivity

Probabilistic equivalence classes

category theory: transformations → morphisms systems → objects

OPT: strict monoidal braided category



state

effect

transformation

p(i, j, k, l, m, n, p, q | circuit)



Sequential composition (associative)

$$-A \left\{ \mathscr{A}_{x} \right\}_{x \in \mathbf{X}} - B \left\{ \mathscr{B}_{y} \right\}_{y \in \mathbf{Y}} - C =:$$

Identity test



 $\left\{\mathscr{B}_{x} \circ \mathscr{A}_{y}\right\}_{(x,y)\in X\times Y} \left| \begin{array}{c} C \\ \end{array} \right.$ 

Parallel composition (associative)



 $(AB)C \simeq A(BC)$  (monoidal)



Quantum Theory: symmetric OPT

 $S_{\mathrm{A,B}}^{-1} = S_{\mathrm{B,A}}$  (symmetric)







Second naturalness condition: sequential and parallel compositions commute



 $(\mathscr{A} \otimes \mathscr{D}) \circ (\mathscr{C} \otimes \mathscr{B}) = (\mathscr{A} \circ \mathscr{C}) \otimes (\mathscr{D} \circ \mathscr{B})$ 







(foliations)

Finer and coarser descriptions



Finer and coarser descriptions





#### Quantum Theory: the "grammar" of Physics

Quantum Theory is an OPT

Quantum Theory as OPT						
system	A	$\mathscr{H}_{A}$				
system composition	AB	$\big  \ \mathscr{H}_{AB} = \mathscr{H}_A \otimes \mathscr{H}_B$				
transformation	$\mathscr{T} \in \mathrm{Transf}(\mathrm{A} \to \mathrm{B})$	$  \mathscr{T} \in \operatorname{CP}_{\leq}(\operatorname{T}(\mathscr{H}_A) \to \operatorname{T}(\mathscr{H}_B))$				
Theorems						
trivial system system	Ι	$  \mathscr{H}_{\mathrm{I}} = \mathbb{C}$				
deterministic transformation	$\mathscr{T} \in \operatorname{Transf}_1(A \to B)$	$  \mathscr{T} \in CP_{=}(T(\mathscr{H}_{A}) \to T(\mathscr{H}_{B}))$				
states	$\rho \in St(A) \equiv Transf(I \rightarrow A)$	$\mid \rho \in \mathrm{T}^+_{\leq 1}(\mathscr{H}_{\mathrm{A}})$				
	$\rho \in St_1(A) \equiv Transf_1(I \rightarrow A)$	$\mid \rho \in \mathrm{T}_{=1}^{+}(\mathscr{H}_{\mathrm{A}})$				
	$\rho \in St(I) \equiv Transf(I \rightarrow I)$	$\mid \rho \in [0,1]$				
	$\rho \in St_1(I) \equiv Transf(I \rightarrow I)$	$  \rho = 1$				
effects	$\varepsilon \in Eff(A) \equiv Transf(A \rightarrow I)$	$  \varepsilon(\cdot) = \operatorname{Tr}_{A}[\cdot E], \ 0 \leq E \leq I_{A}$				
	$\varepsilon \in \mathrm{Eff}_1(\mathrm{A}) \equiv \mathrm{Transf}_1(\mathrm{A} \to \mathrm{I})$	$\varepsilon = Tr_A$				

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#### Principles for Quantum Theory

- P1. Causality
- P2. Local discriminability
- P3. Purification
- P4. Atomicity of composition
- P5. Perfect distinguishability
- P6. Lossless Compressibility

- G. Chiribella, G. M. D'Ariano, P. Perinotti, *Probabilistic Theories with Purification* Phys. Rev. A 81 062348 (2010)
- G. Chiribella, G. M. D'Ariano, P. Perinotti, Informational derivation of Quantum Theory Phys. Rev A 84 012311 (2011)





### Other OPTs

	Caus.	Perf. disc.	Loc. discr.	n-loc. discr.	At. par. comp.	At. seq. comp.	Compr.	$\exists$ Purification	$\exists !$ Purification	]
QT										
CT	<b>√</b>		$\checkmark$					×	×	
QBIT	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	$\checkmark$	×			
FQT	<b>√</b>		×	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	$\checkmark$	×			
RQT	<b>√</b>		×	✓		$\checkmark$	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>			
NSQT	?	?	×	×	?	?	?	?	?	
PR	<b>√</b>	?	$\checkmark$	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>		?	×	×	×	
DPR	<b>√</b>	?	$\checkmark$	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	?	×	×	×	
HPR	<b>√</b>	?	$\checkmark$	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>		$\checkmark$	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>			
FOCT	X	?	$\checkmark$			?	?	×	×	
FOQT	×	?	?		?	?	?	?	?	
NLCT	<b>√</b>		×		×	?	<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>	×	×	
NLQT	?	?	?		?	?	?	?	?	

QT: Quantum theory

CT: Classical theory

- QBIT: Qubit theory
- FQT: Fermionic quantum theory
- RQT: Real quantum theory
- NSQT: Number superselected quantum theory

PR: PR-boxes theory

- DPR: Dual PR-boxes theory
- HPR: Hybrid PR-boxes theory
- FOCT: First order classical theory
- FOQT: First order quantum theory
- NLCT: Non-local classical theory
- NLQT: Non-local quantum theory



### "HOW TO GET THE "MECHANICS?"

QUANTUM FIELD THEORY: an ultra-short account



#### Info-theoretical principles for Quantum Field Theory





#### Info-theoretical principles for Quantum Field Theory







# Take home for cognitive scientists

Build a sufficient toolbox by doing the following *calibration* procedure (d=2):

- 1. Find two *incompatible observation-tests* for system A and for system B
- 2. Use them as a <u>separating set of observations</u> to calibrate states for systems A and B by tomography
- 3. Perform *tomography* of transformations from A to B and from B to A





![](_page_32_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_32_Figure_1.jpeg)

# Take home for cognitive scientists

#### Black-box proof of nonlocality

- 1.Provide *incompatible observation-tests*—two for system A and two for system B—that can be performed locally (e.g. within 1cm)
- 2. Prove quantumness of consciousness through nonlocality, e.g. violation of CHSH bound upon performing two pairs of incompatible observation-tests locally in two different places (causal disconnection  $Dt=10^{-9}$  s for Dx=3 cm)

![](_page_33_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_33_Picture_8.jpeg)

![](_page_34_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_34_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### This is more or less what I wanted to say

#### Thank you for your attention

![](_page_34_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_35_Picture_0.jpeg)

RELATED TO THIS TALK

![](_page_35_Picture_1.jpeg)

*A Quantum-Digital Universe*, Grant ID: 43796 *Quantum Causal Structures*, Grant ID: 60609

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Follow **project on Researchgate**: The algorithmic paradigm: deriving the whole physics from information-theoretical principles.

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JOHN TEMPLETON FOUNDATION

![](_page_35_Picture_8.jpeg)

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